## MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS DARTMOUTH **Discrete Mathemtics II** MTH182 – Section 001 – Spring 2015 Problem set 1 Review of proof by induction

Discrete Mathematics, first edition, section Sections 4.1, 4.2 Reading: Section 4.1: 1, 3, 5, 7 Section 4.2: 1, 9

## Section 4.1

- 1. Prove that  $\frac{1}{2\cdot 3} + \frac{1}{3\cdot 4} + \dots + \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{n}{2n+4}$  for every positive integer *n*. 3. Prove that  $\frac{1}{1\cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4\cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7\cdot 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-2)(3n+1)} = \frac{n}{3n+1}$  for every positive integer *n*.
- 5. Prove that  $1 + 5 + 9 + \dots + (4n 3) = n(2n 1)$  for every positive integer n.
- 7. Prove the result in Result 4.5 in the book: For every positive integer n,  $1^2 + 2^2 + \cdots + n^2 =$  $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}.$

## Section 4.2

- 1. Use induction to prove that  $2^n > n$  for every nonnegative integer n.
- 9. Prove by induction that  $n^2 + n + 1$  is odd for every nonnegative integer n.